1	talking about the risk map for the groundwater?	
2	MR. CLAY SMITH: Yeah.	
3	MR. GREG deBRULER: That was	
4	actually done by, it was Pacific Northwest	
5	National Labs under contract to the Department	
6	of Energy, actually ran the model that did that	
7	calculation.	
8	MR. CLAY SMITH: Okay. So	
9	they are just putting information that they	
10	suppose in a computer and supposedly come out	
11	with a supposed map?	
12	MR. GREG deBRULER: They have	
13	seven models that they are using, and to do	
14	that calculation, I think Tom Stoops could	
15	really tell you how they got to these numbers,	
16	because this is Tom Stoops, he's a hydrologist,	
17	he does this kind of stuff, so maybe he wants	
18	to say something.	
19	MR. CLAY SMITH: I have a	
20	question about that for Tom also.	
21	How big is the aquifer underneath	
22	that area, or is there one? Water travels, you	
23	know, underneath the earth at various levels	
24	and you have aquifers, and then you don't have	
25	any, and some of the earth is porous. So it	
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1	migrates around.	
2	I suppose, did they choose that site	
3	back 50 years ago, because there wasn't any	
4	aquifers under there, or did they just choose	
5	it because there wasn't anything on top of the	
6	ground and they put it there because there	
7	wasn't anybody around it?	
8	MR. THOMAS STOOPS: The bottom	
9	line is Col. Mathias chose the site because it	
10	was desolate and it had a good source of clean,	
11	cold water.	
12	MR. DEE WILLIS: And power.	
13	MR. THOMAS STOOPS: And power.	
14	The entire Hanford Site is underlain by an	
15	aquifer and it is in gravel, so it's a prolific	
16	aquifer. Underneath a portion of the 200 Area	
17	is a less prolific aquifer system, but it is	
18	still underlain by an aquifer.	
19	MR. CLAY SMITH: How deep is	
20	it? How deep under the ground? I mean, what	
21	kind of level have we got between the waste and	
22	these two aquifers that are underneath there	
23	that this stuff is eventually going to get to?	
24	MR. THOMAS STOOPS: Depending	
25	on the location of the waste site, there are	
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		10,

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1	soils up to about 250 feet thick.	
2	MR. DEE WILLIS: Okay.	
3	Questions or comment?	
4	MS. KAREN HARDING: Karen	
5	Harding, Mt. Hood.	
6	DOE people, do you honestly believe	
7	that this administration's plan to essentially	
8	cut the budget and the time period will benefit	
9	the citizens of this area, much less the	
10	country or the world?	
11	You are on the ground. Do you think	
12	shaving off a billion dollars in however many	
13	years is going to clean up Hanford?	
14	MR. GEORGE SANDERS: I will	
15	have to give you my perspective from my	
16	keyhole, because I am obviously not in the	
17	political part of the administration, and don't	
18	think I'm going to sit up here and make a lot	
19	of derogatory statements about the	
20	administration. Okay? So I'm just not going	
21	to go there.	
22	However, what I will tell you is I	
23	am fairly familiar with the efforts to	
2 4	accelerate the work. Okay?	
25	I have not participated in any	
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1	discussions that said we are going to do a
2	lower quality work, we are going to kick a
3	bunch of stuff off the table, and we are not
4	going to do it.
5	The work that I have participated in
6	has been, how do we make this work more
7	efficient, how do we save money, how do we do
8	it more effectively, and so those are the kinds
9	of discussions I have participated in.
10	Now, have they set goals? You bet
11	they have. They have said, well, why don't you
12	tell us if you can do it for this much less.
13	And those kinds of goals have been set. And we
14	have been stressed and strained to try to meet
15	those. And we are still in the process of it.
16	Okay?
17	That's not a given, that that's all
18	done. But I will tell you that there is a lot
19	of intent of accelerating and moving that
20	cleanup this way and getting a lot of the
21	things done. And you will just have to be the
22	judge of how it turns out in the long term.
23	MR. DEE WILLIS: Panel?
24	MR. GREG deBRULER: Karen, the
25	concern I have is this: Back in the mid '90s
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1	they did a thing called BEMR, Baseline	
2	Management Environmental Report, and they	
3	looked at basically the whole complex, came up	
4	with some numbers. One time it was like	
5	BEMR, like a BMW, BEMR. Anyway, it came up	
6	with 350 billion dollars was a high number, 250	
7	billion dollars was kind of a low number.	
8	And in those days of course they had	
9	never characterized all the sites, they still	
10	haven't. They didn't know they got an	
11	estimate. It was we will call it a best case	
12	guesstimate. About maybe what it would cost.	
13	But in those assumptions, there was	
14	the assumption that they wouldn't ever clean up	
15	the groundwater. Not just at Hanford, at a lot	
16	of the sites throughout the whole country, they	
17	would leave it contaminated, and there were a	
18	lot of other issues.	
19	So, if you looked at the numbers	
20	when they were reported back in those days, we	
21	had discussions, this was during the O'Leary	
22	administration. In fact I had a great	
23	conversation with Tom Grumbly, who was The	
24	undersecretary of Energy, and I said, "What do	
25	you think those numbers are worth?"	
		1 4 6

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1	He said, "I think those numbers are
2	fairly accurate, considering the limited
, 3	cleanup this institution wants to do."
4	So, keeping that as a historical
5	note.
6	Now, then you have this new
7	administration that comes in, says they're
8	going to whack a hundred billion dollars off of
9	it. They did this before they had the
10	technical basis to satisfy, quote, the nation
11	that they could technically achieve that.
12	I am all for accelerating cleanup,
13	and I think that Nick is perfectly right on it,
14	yes, they do things kind of slow out here.
15	Yes, the slower they go, the more money they
16	make. That used to be the whole system.
17	Now they have accelerated cleanup.
18	But is it valid, and are they going to cut
19	corners?
20	You bet. For example, transuranic
21	waste, or waste which was generated before 1970
22	which is a mixed bag of stuff, they might have
23	70,000 drums out there.
24	The Department of Energy, if they
25	had their way, they don't want to take the
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stuff out of the ground. They just want to
leave it there. So there will be these random
waste sites all over the country.

Transuranic waste prior to about
1999, the Department of Energy didn't really

even want to talk about that stuff too much, because we have a waste site out there called 618/1011, that when they originally estimated the cost to clean it up, it is really hot stuff, really hot remote handled stuff, the first of them they estimated was about 700

million dollars. That was like over
three-quarters of the Hanford budget. Then it

dropped down to about 350 million dollars.

Okay. Well, when they did that assessment and they were grappling with the idea of getting rid of this transuranic waste out of there, I got some great information from Headquarters that said, you ain't going to touch that stuff. That's what Headquarters was telling Richland. You ain't going to touch that stuff. Because if you have to deal with that waste out in this dry arid climate, you are going to have to deal with the waste at

Savannah River that has got a worse problem

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1	because their groundwater is five feet below
2	the surface, and Oak Ridge and the other sites.
3	so
4	MR. MICHAEL COLLINS: Could I
5	follow up, just one little fact. The EIS
6	assumes that 618/1011 transuranic waste is dug
7	up.
8	MR. NICHOLAS CETO: In fact
9	there is a ROD that was signed by -
10	MR. DEE WILLIS: ROD?
11	MR. NICHOLAS CETO: A Record
12	of Decision, that was signed by DOE and EPA,
13	and as part of the Tri-Party Agreement, that
14	says that waste site will be dug up and taken
15	to the waste facility in New Mexico. So,
16	MR. GREG deBRULER: I never
17	said they weren't going to do it. I said their
18	intent wasn't to do it.
19	MR. GEORGE SANDERS: And I
20	wasn't in on that conversation with Grumbly and
21	Greg, so I can't attest to any of that.
22	But I will tell you what the
23	official position of the Department is with
24	respect to all the burial grounds.
25	We have committed to retrieve all of
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1	what is called the post '70 burial grounds.	
2	That's approximately, what, 77,000 drums or	
3	drum equivalents of waste, which has got some	
4	transuranics in it, it is going to have some	
5	low-levels in it, a mixed bag. We will pull	
6	that out.	
7	The balance of those burial grounds	
8	are going to be subject to the CERCLA process,	
9	which EPA oversees on the site. All those	
10	burial grounds are going to get looked at.	
11	And we will do some risk	
12	assessments, we will take a look at what those	
13	risks are, and individual Records of Decisions	
14	will be made on the basis of the investigations	
15	and the work that's done on the CERCLA process.	
16	And Nick and EPA are the folks,	
17	along with the state, who will oversee that	
18	part of the process.	
19	We have not made decisions on how we	
20	are going to deal with those pre-'70 burial	
21	grounds yet, but the CERCLA process will be the	
22	regulatory process with which we deal with it.	
23	MR. MICHAEL COLLINS: And	
24	those investigations are part of the Tri-Party	
25	Agreement.	
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1	MR. DEE WILLIS: One more
2	follow-up question.
3	MS. JUDY MERRILL: So is the
4	groundwater not part of the Tri-Party
5	Agreement?
6	MR. NICHOLAS CETO: Yes.
7	MS. JUDY MERRILL: It is? It
8	is not going to stay there. I don't understand
9	how that could not be part of the cleanup, the
10	groundwater.
11	MR. NICHOLAS CETO: No. It
12	is. I guess I am confused a little bit. Why
13	don't you think it is part of the cleanup?
14	MS. JUDY MERRILL: The
15	groundwater that's in the vadose zone, or that
16	is the same thing, never mind, the water that
17	is contaminated, that huge amount of land
18	that's contaminated, is part of the Tri-Party
19	Agreement?
20	MR. NICHOLAS CETO: It is part
21	of the SuperFund site cleanup, it is part of
22	the Tri-Party Agreement, and no final decisions
23	have been made on what's going to happen with
24	it.
25	MS. JUDY MERRILL: Okay.
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1	MR. NICHOLAS CETO: Right now	
2	we are trying to see how well we can do with	
3	source control, we are trying to see what	
4	technologies are out there to deal with it.	
5	There's a goal, and I talked about	
6	this I think the last time I was in Hood River,	
7	there's a goal to try to restore those aquifers	
8	to the extent they can be restored.	
9	And that is the, and it's not the	
10	million dollar question, it's a lot more than	
11	that, it's the question that people are going	
12	to have to decide, how much they want to spend	
13	and what is worth doing, and that's going to be	
14	the biggest, toughest decision that Hanford has	
15	to make in the next decade, is how far do we go	
16	with groundwater restoration.	
17	MR. DEE WILLIS: Panel?	
18	MR. GEORGE SANDERS: I just	
19	need to make a couple comments.	
20	One of the things that we are doing	
21	as far as accelerated process is we have an	
22	initiative that was in our Hanford management	
23	plan which was initiative 6, and that was	
2 4	dealing with high risk waste sites in the	
25	groundwater.	
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1	And so what we're trying to do is
2	effectively go after some of the higher risk
. 3	areas. We have got some discharges that are
4	still open to rain water and recharge, we are
5	going to try to eliminate as many of those as
6	we can, we are going to go after sources, we
7	are going to do things like we've got leaky
8	waterlines on the site, the water leaks out
9	into the waste, can move it into the vadose
10 .	zone.
11	We are going after the leaky
12	waterlines. We are going to try to clean those
13	up.
14	So there is a whole series of what I
15	call near term activities that we are going to
16	embark upon to try to deal with the most urgent
17	pieces of that.
18	Now, there's a long-term groundwater
19	solution. That's the ones that Nick was
20	referring to. We don't have answers to all of
21	that yet. And that's going to be ongoing.
22	MR. DEE WILLIS: Greg, and
23	then Tom.
24	MR. GREG deBRULER: Here is a
25	reality check.
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1	The Tri-Party Agreement was signed	
2	in 1989, and everybody knew that the	
3	groundwater was contaminated in 1989. They	
4	also knew that the state law and federal law,	
5	everything says you have to clean up to the	
6	highest beneficial use, which is drinking	
7	water. This is their idea.	
8	150 years out, 300 years out, 150	
9	years out right now, basically you aren't going	
10	to be able to use the groundwater.	
11	There are planning assumptions that	
12	for 300 years you won't be able to use the	
13	groundwater under Hanford. There are planning	
14	assumptions that say that you can't use the	
15	groundwater in N-Area which is right on the	
16	Columbia River when they release it at as being	
17	clean in 2012.	
18	Nick brought the point up at the	
19	groundwater workshop which the Department of	
20	Energy referred to come to, but Nick and the	
21	state of Washington came to, the groundwater	
22	workshop was hosted by Columbia River Keeper in	
23	Portland and here, and they refused to come.	
24	That's why that coffin is laying up there.	
25	And it was very clear that there is	
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1	no intent right now or planning or funding or
2	any projected funding about what they are going
3	to do.
4	In 1989 they knew the problem. Do
5	you think they spent money and time and energy
6	to develop the technologies to get rid of this
7	problem? No. They have piece mealed it
8	around.
9	And of the real sad part of the
10	problem is the guy who's running EM-50 right
11	now is a guy named Jim Owen
12	MR. DEE WILLIS: EM-50?
13	MR. GREG deBRULER: EM-50 is
14	their research and management side of it?
15	MR. MICHAEL COLLINS: Technology
16	and development side.
17	MR. GREG deBRULER: Technology
18	and development side of it.
19	He's the gentleman that wrote a
20	letter to the state/tribal working group and
21	said, there's going to be one shot at cleanup
22	at Hanford, you are going to do it the way,
23	expediting it now, and after that if you want
24	it any cleaner, you are going to pay for it
25	yourself. He is running the science and
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1	technology.	
2	Do we have a problem? Yeah. Nick	
3	brought it out real clearly. He said if the	
4	people of the Northwest demand that cleanup of	
5	groundwater is a priority and has to happen, we	
6	are the only ones that are going to make it	
7	happen, because the institutions don't have the	
8	capability to fight that battle.	
9	And my question is, to everybody	
L 0	that's here still, what is an acre-foot of	
11	water worth today, in an arid climate, in a	
12	hundred years, and 150 years, and 300 years,	
13	and you look at that resource value, and then	
1 4	go back to them and say, excuse me, you know,	
15	it's unconscionable.	
16	They spent 5.5 trillion dollars	
17	making this bloody mess by making weapons, and	
18	now they want to spend 100 billion to 200	
19	billion to clean it up.	
20	Excuse me. The priorities are	
21	wrong. So that's my biggest problem. Thank	
22	you.	
23	MR. DEE WILLIS: Tom Stoops.	
24	MR. THOMAS STOOPS: I did want	
25	to indicate that when EPA did their five year	
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7.5	
1	review of the cleanups at the Hanford Site in
2	2001, they noted that Hanford was, for lack of
3	a better term, delinquent in their focus on
4	groundwater, and were able to convey that to
5	DOE.
6	DOE has responded to that. When
7	they put out their acceleration strategy, there
8	was not a strategy number 6 for groundwater
9	focus.
10	When it got reviewed, they heard
11	that comment, they heard it very loudly from
12	the agencies and the stakeholders, and they put
13	that strategy portion in in rather quick order.
14	The next issue though is keeping the
15	pressure on to keep the funding flowing to get
16	the work done.
17	MR. DEE WILLIS: Next
18	question.
19	Okay. If there are no more
20	questions, anymore comments? Panel?
21	MR. GREG deBRULER: I have a
22	thank you comment.
23	MR. DEE WILLIS: Hold that
24	thank you.
25	MS. JUDY NELSON: I know it's
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1	late.	
2	MR. DEE WILLIS: Ms. Nelson.	
3	Speak into the mike.	
4	MS. JUDY NELSON: This goes	
5	back aways. Judy Nelson.	
6	It's my understanding those single	
7	wall tanks are sludge, 25 percent sludge, and	
8	there is no intention of doing anything about	
9	that.	
10	Can anybody explain that, please?	
11	MR. GEORGE SANDERS: I'm afraid	
12	tonight that you haven't got the right set of	
13	people here to give you those answers. So, we	
14	just don't have the right folks here from the	
15	Office of River Protection.	
16	MS. JUDY NELSON: It is	
17	unconscionable in my mind that we have been	
18	talking about these tanks, I will tell you all	
19	what I have been saying for year, I used to	
20	hire a babysitter to come, they are now 28 and	
21	30, they don't need a babysitter anymore, and	
22	nothing has changed, tanks leak, some of those	
23	same wall tanks have imploded or exploded as	
24	much as 12 feet from being super heated, and	
25	you are not going to do anything?	
	,	
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1	What's down at the bottom of that	
2	tank that would make a metal wall heat up and	
3	collapse to the tune of 12 feet, and then leak,	
4	and you are going to leave 12 percent or 25	
5	percent of it as sludge and just ignore it?	
6	MR. GEORGE SANDERS: I can give	
7	you one response on that, because I did work in	
8	the Tank Farm project for about four or five	
9	years. And some of this is done with an	
10	agreement from the state of Washington, consent	
11	decree and some other things. But over a	
12	period of time we have pumped the liquids out	
13	of the single-shell tanks.	
14	So, of course we did have leaks that	
15	went out, but we also spent a lot of money	
16	getting the liquids out of the tanks.	
17	Now, there is still sludges in it.	
18	But those sludges aren't going to come out of	
19	the cracks and things as the tanks begin to	
20	fail, the single shell tanks. The sludges will	
21	tend to stay in here.	
22	So that's an interim. In fact the	
23	title of the thing was the interim	
2 4	stabilization. It wasn't a permanent solution.	
25	But it was an effort to get the liquids out of	
	1	53
		JJ
	1	

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y		
1	those tanks so they could not keep the pressure	
2	on and leak.	
3	MR. DEE WILLIS: Let's move	
4	on.	
5	MS. JUDY NELSON: (Inaudible).	
6	MR. GEORGE SANDERS: Well,	
7	that's ongoing. Again, the details of that,	
8	you don't have the right folks here to explain	
9	that.	
10	MR. DEE WILLIS: Okay. Greg	
11	deBruler.	
12 .	MR. GREG deBRULER: I don't	
13	represent the Office of River Protection,	
14	because they refuse to come to meetings, but on	
15	that little fun pun, I had to throw that in	
16	there, Judy, 149 tanks of the single-shell	
17	tanks, okay, they are down to where they are in	
18	the sludge zone.	
19	The Tri-Party Agreement requires	
20	that they clean up all but 350, what's the	
21	word, liters or something, a little bit, like	
22	less than 1 percent, 1 percent, that's what	
23	they require.	
24	But the new Office of River	
25	Protection manager who refused to come to the	
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last meeting, which is Roy Schepens, he has a 1 dream, and he wants to clean up 40 percent of 2 these tanks -- pardon me, stabilize 40 percent 3 of these tanks and call them closed, or, what's 4 the word, official word? Closed, 40 tanks in 5 the next few years. 6 His idea is, as far as we're 7 concerned, not legal, but's pushing forward 8 with that. 9 You see, if you had a gas station in 10 the state of Washington, you'd have to dig up 11 the tank, you'd have to dig up the soil. 12 Well, if you think about Hanford and 13 how hot the tanks are, that's kind of a risky 14 15 business, you know. So, maybe there is a better way, but it isn't leaving the sludge 16 there. And he wants to demonstrate this in the 17 next few years to do 40 tanks. 18 So, it's going to be a real battle. 19 And then we also heard today that, 20 or was it yesterday, or a few days ago, we hear 21 there's coming out of the Department of Energy, 22 the river protection side, that there's going 23 to be a three-year delay to now the start of 24 25 day for vitrification. 155 358-2345 (541) 276-9491 BRIDGES & ASSOCIATES (800)

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That one I hear is coming soon to a
 1
        neighborhood by us, and if that happens, we
 2
        could have problems.
 3
                        MR. DEE WILLIS: I just want to
 4
        point out the tanks are not the subject of this
 5
 6
        public meeting. It is okay to talk about them.
 7
        But they are not the subject of this meeting.
                   Any final comments?
 8
 9
                        MR. GREG deBRULER: Just thank
        you for coming, for those that are still here.
10
                        MR. DEE WILLIS: This meeting
11
        is closed.
12
                        MR. GREG deBRULER: And we
13
14
        appreciate your support. Thanks.
15
16
                                            (10:00 p.m.)
17
18
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1 STATE OF OREGON SS. 2 County of Umatilla 3 I, William J. Bridges, do hereby 4 certify that at the time and place heretofore 5 mentioned in the caption of the foregoing 6 7 matter, I was a Certified Shorthand Reporter for the State of Oregon; that at said time and 8 9 place I reported in stenotype all testimony 10 adduced and proceedings had in the foregoing matter; that thereafter my notes were reduced 11 to typewriting and that the foregoing 12 transcript consisting, of 156 typewritten pages 13 14 is a true and correct transcript of all such testimony adduced and proceedings had and of 15 the whole thereof. 16 Witness my hand at Pendleton, Oregon, 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 Certified Shorthand Reporter 24 Certificate No. 91-0244 My certificate expires: 10-31-03 25 157 276-9491 BRIDGES & ASSOCIATES (800)358-2345 (541)